# प्रदेश लोक सेवा आयोग

#### प्रदेश नं. ५

# प्रदेश स्वास्थ्य सेवा, जनरल हेल्थ सर्भिसेज समूहको आठौं तह मेडिकल अधिकृत पदको

# खुला प्रतियोगितात्मक परीक्षाको पाठ्यक्रम

पाठ्यक्रमको रुपरेख	n:– यस पाठ्यक्रमको आधारमा निम्नानुसार दुई चरणमा परीक्षा	ालिइने छः
प्रथम चरण	:– लिखित परीक्षा	पूर्णाङ्क :- २००
द्वितीय चरण	:–सामूहिक परीक्षण र अन्तर्वार्ता	पूर्णाङ्क:- ४०

प्रथम चरण - लिखित परीक्षा योजना(Examination Scheme)

पत्र	विषय	पूर्णाङ्क	उत्तीर्णाङ्क	परीक्षा प्रणाली	प्रश्न संख्या x अङ्कभार	समय
प्रथम	जनरल हेल्थ	૧૦૦	४०	वस्तुगत बहुवैकल्पिक (MCQs)	900X9 = 900	१ घण्टा १४ मिनेट
द्वितीय	सर्भिसेज	૧૦૦	४०	विषयगत (Subjective)	90X90 = 900	३ घण्टा

द्वितीय चरण

विषय	पूर्णाङ्क	परीक्षा प्रणाली	समय
सामूहिक परीक्षण (Group Test)	٩٥	सामूहिक छलफल (Group Discussion)	३० मिनेट
व्यक्तिगत अन्तर्वार्ता	r R	मौखिक	-

लिखित परीक्षाको माध्यम भाषा नेपाली वा अंग्रेजी अथवा नेपाली र अंग्रेजी दुवै हुन सक्नेछ ।

२. लिखित परीक्षाको दुवै पत्रको विषयवस्तु एउटै हुनेछ ।

३. प्रथम तथा द्वितीय पत्रका पाठ्यक्रमका एकाइहरुँबाट सोधिने प्रश्नहरुको संख्या निम्नानुसार हुनेछ ।

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प्रथम पत्रका एकाई	1	7	8	14	15	18	2	9	10	16	11	12	13	3	4	5	6	17
प्रश्न संख्या	10	5	4	4	4	3	10 10		10		10	10	10	10				
द्वितीय पत्रका खण्ड	Α				В					C		D						
18/114 1444 9 9			1	1						D				L L	/		υ	
द्वितीय पत्रका एकाई	1	7	8	14	15	18	2	9	10	<b>D</b> 16	11	12	13	3	4	5	<b>D</b>	17

४. वस्तुगत बहुवैकल्पिक (Multiple Choice) प्रश्नहरुको गलत उत्तर दिएमा प्रत्येक गलत उत्तर बापत २० प्रतिशत अङ्क कट्टा गरिनेछ । तर उत्तर नदिएमा त्यस बापत अङ्क दिइने छैन र अङ्क कट्टा पनि गरिने छैन ।

६. बहुवैकल्पिक प्रश्नहरु हुने परीक्षामा कुनै प्रकारको क्याल्कुलेटर (Calculator)प्रयोग गर्न पाइने छैन ।

- ७. विषयगत प्रश्नका लागि तोकिएका १० अङ्कका प्रश्नहरुको हकमा १० अङ्कको एउटा लामो प्रश्न वा एउटै प्रश्नका दुई वा दुई भन्दा बढी भाग (Two or more parts of a single question) वा एउटा प्रश्न अन्तर्गत दुई वा बढी टिप्पणीहरु (Short notes) सोध्न सकिने छ।
- द. द्वितीय पत्रमा प्रत्येक खण्डका लागि छुट्टाछुट्टै उत्तरपुस्तिकाहरु हुनेछन् । परिक्षार्थीले प्रत्येक खण्डका प्रश्नहरुको उत्तर सोहीखण्डको उत्तरपुस्तिकामा लेखनुपर्नेछ ।
- ९. यस पाठ्यक्रमयोजनाअन्तर्गतकापत्र /विषयका विषयवस्तुमा जेसुकै लेखिएको भए तापनि पाठ्यक्रममा परेका विद्यमान कानून, ऐन, नियमतथा नीतिहरु यस पाठ्कममा परेको सम्भनु पर्दछ ।
- १०. प्रथम चरणको लिखित परीक्षाबाट छनौट भएका उम्मेदवारहरुलाई मात्र द्वितीय चरणको अन्तर्वार्तामा सम्मिलित गराइनेछ ।
- 99. पाठ्यक्रम लागू मिति :- २०७७।०३।३० देखि

### प्रदेश लोक सेवा आयोग

#### प्रदेश नं. ५

प्रदेश स्वास्थ्य सेवा, जनरल हेल्थ सर्भिसेज समूहको आठौं तह मेडिकल अधिकृत पदको

खुला प्रतियोगितात्मक परीक्षाको पाठ्यक्रम

# प्रथम र द्वितीय पत्र :- जनरल हेल्थ सर्भिसेज

Actiology, symptoms, signs, investigations and curative and preventive management of the following health related problems:

# Section A - 30 Marks

#### 1. General Medicine:

- **1.1 Respiratory Diseases:** Acute Bronchitis, Chronic Obstructive Airway Disease, Bronchial Asthma, Pneumonias, Tuberculosis, Bronchogenic Carcinoma, Bronchiectasis, Occupational Lung Diseases, Respiratiry Failure, SARS, Pleural effusion, Pneumothorax, Bird Flu
- **1.2** Cardiovascular Diseases: Rheumatic Fever, Rheumatic Heart Disease (MS MR, AS, AR), Congestive Cardiac Failure, Acute LVF, Ischemic Heart Disease, Myocardial Infarction, Hypertension, Infective Endocarditis, Congenital Heart Diseases, Cardiomyopathies, Cor pulmonale, Cardiacarrhytmias, Cadiogenic Shock
- **1.3 Gastrointestinal Disease:** Acid Peptic Diseases, Cirrhosis of Liver and ascitis, Hepatitis, Hepatic Coma, Abdominal Tuberculosis, Pancreatitis, Worm Infestation, Ulcerative, Colitis, Carcinoma of Gastro-Intestinal Tract, Gastroenteritis, H pylori, Gastro-oesophageal reflux
- **1.4 Blood and Lymphoreticular Diseases:** Anaemia, Leukemia, Purpura Agranulocytosis, Polycythemia, Reticulosis, Lymphomas
- **1.5** Neurological Diseases: Cerebro-Vascular Accident, Meningitis, Encephalitis, Parkinson's Disease, Paraplegia, Multiple Sclerosis, Myasthenia Gravis, Epilepsy, Neuro-cysticercosis, Bell's palsy, GBS, Neurosyphilis, Coma Headache, Spin bifida, Neurogenic Shock, Coma, Cerebral Malaria
- **1.6 Endocrine and Metabolic Diseases:** Diabetes Mellitus, Non-ketotic Coma, Ketoacidosis, Thyrotoxicosis, Hypothroidism, Cushing's Syndrome, Addison's Disease, Hyperparathyroidism, Tetany, Hypogonadism, Diabetes Insipidus
- **1.7 Joint and Collagen Diseases:** Rheumatoid Arthritis, Gout, Systemic Lupus Erythematosus, Osteoarthritis, Osteomalacia and Osteoporosis, Ankylosing Spondylitis
- **1.8 Renal Diseases:** Urinary Tract Infection, Acute Glomerulonephritis, Nephrotic Syndrome, Urinary Calculi, Renal Failure, Tuberculosis, Neoplasm, Acidosis, Alkalosis, Hyperkalaemia, Kidney Transplantation
- **1.9 Tropical Diseases:** Cholera, Enteric Fever, Malaria, Dengue, Filariasis, Kala-azar, Leprosy, Chickenpox, Amoebiasis, Mumps, Snakebite, Rabies, Insect bite, Tuberculosis, Food Poisoning, Tetanus, Scorpion Bite, Hornet Bite, Zoonotic Diseases.

# 7. Psychiatry:(Units 7& 8 = 10%)

Emotional Disorders (anxiety, depression, sleep disturbance), Neurosis, Psychosis, Psychosomatic Disorders, Anorexia nervosa. Substance abuse (Alcohol/drugs/ others)

10%

# प्रदेश लोक सेवा आयोग प्रदेश नं. ५ प्रदेश स्वास्थ्य सेवा, जनरल हेल्थ सर्भिसेज समूहको आठौं तह मेडिकल अधिकृत पदको खला प्रतियोगितात्मक परीक्षाको पाठयत्रम

#### 8. Dematology and STD:

(i) Dermatology: Urticaria, Scabies, Dermatophytosis, Herpes Simplex, Herpes Zoster, Psoriasis, Lichen Planus, Pemphigoid, Pemphigus, Drug Eruption (ii) STD: Syphilis, gonorrhoea, Non Specific Urethritis. HIV, AIDS including Universal Precaution

#### 14. Pharmacology:(Units 14, 15 & 18 = 10%)

Poison and Toxicology- Organophosphorus, Barbiturates, Corrosives, Heavy metals, Mushroom poisoning, Drugs in pregnancy and lactation, Prescribing in children and elderly, Dosage, Preparation, Mode of action and side effects of drugs acting on different systems of body

#### **15. Emergency Medicine:**

Management of Acute poisoning, Coma, Acute pain abdominal & chest, Status Epilepticus, Acute severe asthma Breathlessness, Epistaxis, Vaginal bleeding, Shock including anaphylaxis, Multiple trauma including blunt abdominal injury, Haemoptysis, haematemesis and malaena, RTA, Trauma, Cut down Poisioning, Insect bite, Snake bite, Catheterisetion, NG Tube Insertion

#### **18. Radiology and Medical Imaging:**

Basic Principles of medical imaging, Indications for various radiological investigations, Complications and adverse reactions arising out of radiological procedures and principles of underlying management, Radiation protection for the patient and hospital staffs, Limitations for existing imaging modalities.

# Section B - 30 Marks

#### 2. General Surgery:

### Sinus, Fistula, Fissure, Polyp, Ulcer, Tumour, Hernia, Hydrocoele, Burn, Shock, Peptic Ulcer, Pyloric Stenosis, Haematemesis and Malaena, Oesophageal Varices, Intestinal Obstruction, Paralytic ileus, Acute Abdomen, Ac Appendicitis, Typhoid Perforation, Perforated Peptic Ulcer, Lymphadenitis, Haemorrhoids, Gall Stones, Urinary Stones, Liver Absecess, Hydatid Cyst, cholecystitis, Biliary Obstruction, Pancreatitis, Pain Abdomen, Pheumothorax, Pleural Effusion, Haemothrorax, Chylothorax, Brochiectasis, Pulmonary Embolism, Lung Abscess, Bronchogenic Carcinoma, Thrombo-angitis obliterans, Chyluria, Deep Vein Thrombosis, Head Injuries, Phimosis, Para-Phimosis, Pinhole Meatus, Stricture Urethra, Carcinoma Penis, Hydronephrosis, Retention of Urine, Enlarged Prostrate, Incontinence of Urine, Vasectomy, Goiter, Tumours of Testis, Lymphomas, rupture spleen, Carcinoma of Bladder, Hydramnios, Breast abscess and Carcinoma breast, Hypovolemia, Oliguria, Ac Retention of Urine, Suprapublic Cystostomy, Wounds

#### 9. Ophthalmology Trachoma:(Units 9, 10& 16 = 10%)

Injuries of Eye, Foreign Body in Eye, Conjunctivitis, Refractive Error, Malignancy of Eye, Diabetic and Hypertensive Retionapathy, Stye, Chalazion, Blephritis, Cellulitis, Corneal Ulcer, Karatomalacia, Scleritis and Episcleritis, Choroiditis, Eridocyclitis, Cataract, Glaucoma, Trachoma, Vitreous Haemorrhage, Optic Neuritis, Retinal Detachment, Myopia, Hypermetropia, Astigmatism, Presbyopia, Diplopia, Squint, Proptosis Ephiphora, Dacryocystitis, Dacryoadentis, Ocular Hazards in Agriculture and Industry

10%

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#### 10. Ear, Nose and Throat:

Foreign Bodies in Ear, Nose and Throat, Otitis Media, Otitis Externa, Mastoiditis, Mastold abscess Rupture of Tympanic Membrane, Meniere's Disease, Hearing Loss, Rhinetis Nasal Allergy, Polyp, Epistaxis, Sinusitis, Tonsillitis, Peritonsillar Abscess, Pharyngitis, Ludwing's Angina, Hoarseness of Voice, Laryngotracheitis, Laryngeal Obstruction, Diptheria, Tracheostormy, Carcinoma of Larynx, Wax in Ear, Haematoma Auris, Furunculosis, Septal abscess, Rhinosporidiosis Otomycosis

#### 16. Dental:

Extraction of teeth, Caries teeth, Gingivitis, Pulpitis, Root abscess, Leucoplakia carcinoma of gum, Pericoronitis, Dentigerous cyst

#### 11. Bone and Joint Disease:(Units 11, 12 & 13 = 10%)

Fracture, Dislocation, Crush Injury, Amputation, Osteomyelitis, Tubercular Spine, Septic Arthritis, Erb's palsy, Synadactily, Poliomyelitis, Rickets, Artificial Limbs, Spondylosis, Physiotherapy

# 12. Anaesthesiology & Emergency:

Principles of administering safe general anaesthesia, Local Anaesthesia, Pre-anaesthetic history, Pre-anaesthetic drugs, Anaesthetics, Post-anaesthetic complications, Basic life support and cardiopulmonary resuscitation, Lumbar Puncture, Intubation

#### **13.** Pathology:

Interpretations of laboratory results, Normal values of biochemical and haematological tests, Aetiology, Pathogenesis, Microscopic and Macroscopic features of different disease entities listed under different subjects and mentioned under heading 1 to 5 and 8 to 11

# Section C - 20 Marks

#### 3. Obstetrics and Gynaecology:

Antenatal, Natal and Postnatal care, Pregnancy Induced Hypertension, Eclampsia, Tuberculosis, Diabetes Mellitus and Rheumatic Heart Diseases in relation to Pregnancy, Hyper emesis Gravidarum, Stages of labour, Retained Placenta, Ruptured Uterus, Foetal Disteress, Maternal Distress, Prolonged Labour, Obstructed Labour Leucorrhoea, Antepartum and Postpartum Haemorrhage, Abortion, Multiple Pregnancy, Hydramnios, Foetal Malformation, Endometriosis, Tumours of Genital Tact, Ovarian cyst, Fibroid, Genital prolapse, Family Planning

#### 4. Childhood Diseases:

ARI, Measles, Mumps, Pertussis, Poliomyelitis, Diphtheria, Tuberculosis, Enteric Fever, Diarrhoeal Diseases, Pneumonias, Lung Abscess Cellulitis, Candidiasis, Meningitis, Rhumatic Fever, Worm Infestations, Cyanotic Congenital Heart Disease, Cretinism, Proteinenergy Malnutrition, Down's syndrome, Turner Syndrome, rickets, Vitamin A Deficiency, Mental Retardation

10%

#### 10%

#### प्रदेश लोक सेवा आयोग

#### प्रदेश नं. ५

# प्रदेश स्वास्थ्य सेवा, जनरल हेल्थ सर्भिसेज समूहको आठौं तह मेडिकल अधिकृत पदको खला प्रतियोगितात्मक परीक्षाको पाठयक्रम

# Section D - 20 Marks

#### 5. Community Medicine:

#### 10%

Demography, Sociology and social understanding of health, Socio-cultural patterns, Social Problems and Social Changes, Health Economics, Gender and Environmental issues, Effective doctor patient relationship Sociological research methods, Epidemiology, Investigation of an Epidemic in District, Problem Solving Exercise on the Epidemic of Infection Diseases, Infectios Diseases, Bacterial, Viral, Fungal, Protozoal, Metazoals, Cestode, Nematode, Epidemiology of Non- infectious and Chronic Diseases, Bio- statistics, Safe Water and Sanitation, Food Sanitation, Insects and Rodent Control, Housing, Concept of Health Education, Principles of Behavior Change Communication, Group Dynamics, Methods and Media and Health Education, Nutrition and Health, Breast Feeding, Complementary Feeding, Food Hygiene, Adulteration and Food Processing, Nutritional Education and Surveys, RH and Safe Motherhood, CBR. EPI, IMCI, Growth monitoring, School Health, Occupational health, Health Care Delivery System in Nepal, Problem of the Health Care Delivery system, District Health System, Management and Administrative Requirement of the Job Descriptions as drawn up by the Ministry for Medical Offices

#### 6. Forensic Medicine and Jurisprudence: (Units 6&17 = 10%)

Role and Duties of Medical Practitioner, Post-mortem and its Legal Implication, Medical Ethics, Death, Rigor Mortis, Putrefaction, Mummification, Sponification, Wounds, Rape, Infanticide, Abortion, Homicide, Suicide, Procedure for Identifying living person and dead body

# 17. Acts related to Health and Medical Profession:

Nepal Health Services Act, Nepal Health Service Regulation, National Health Policy, Second Long Term Health Plan, Nepal Medical Council Act, Mother's Milk Substitute Act, Legalization of abortion, Organ Transplant Act, प्रदेश स्वास्थ्य संस्था स्थापना, संचालन, नवीकरण तथा स्तरोन्नति ऐन, २०७६

# प्रदेश लोक सेवा आयोग प्रदेश नं. ५ प्रदेश स्वास्थ्य सेवा, जनरल हेल्थ सर्भिसेज समूहको आठौं तह मेडिकल अधिकृत पदको खुला प्रतियोगितात्मक परीक्षाको पाठयक्रम

# बस्तुगत बहुउत्तर नमुना प्रश्नहरु (Sample Questions)

- 1. Patient being evaluated for anemia has a dry marrow tap, peripheral blood smear reveals tear drop cells, likely diagnosis is
  - a. Leukemia
  - b. Lymphoma
  - c. Myelofibrosis
  - d. Polycythemia rubra vera
- 2. Emesis is contraindicated in
  - a. Kerosene poisoning
  - b. Narcotic poisoning
  - c. Oxalic acid poisoning
  - d. Phosphorus poisoning

**Correct Answer (a)** 

**Correct Answer (c)** 

- 3. Most Common Cause of urinary obstruction in a male infant is
  - a. Anterior urethral valves
  - b. Posterior urethral valves
  - c. Stone
  - d. Stricture

# **Correct Answer (b)**

- 4. Management of a patient with tension pneumothorax and respiratory depression is: a. Chest X-ray
  - b. Endotracheal intubation
  - C. Immediate drainage of air
  - d. Morphine to reduce pain

#### **Correct Answer (c)**

- 5. Which of the following is true about 2<sup>nd</sup> stage of labour
  - a. starts with early stage of labour and ends with full dilatation of cervix.
  - b. Regional anaesthesia prolongs this stage
  - c. In priamigravida must not be more then one hour
  - d. None

#### **Correct Answer (a)**

- 6. A 52 years old male patient comes to the opd with intermittent symptoms of dyspnoea on exertion, paltitations and cough occasionally productive with blood. On cardiac auscultation, a low pitched diastolic rumbling murmur is faintly heard at the apex. The origin of patient's problem probably relates to
  - a. Rheumatic fever as a youth
  - b. Long standing hypertension
  - c. Silent MI within the past year.
  - d. Congenital origin

#### Correct Answer (a)

# विषयगत नमुना प्रश्नहरु (Sample Questions)

- 1. Describe National Tuberculosis Program of Nepal.
- 2. How will you manage a case of post-partum hemorrhage in district hospital?
- 3. How will you manage a case of pneumonia in pediatric population?
- 4. A case of road traffic accident has been brought to your emergency room of district hospital. How will you manage the case ?

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